

Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust

Greater Manchester A04

The Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust incorporates Rochdale Infirmary, North Manchester General Hospital, Fairfield General Hospital in Bury, and Royal Oldham Hospital <http://www.pat.nhs.uk/> <<http://www.pat.nhs.uk/>>

Patient inclusion and data sources

The majority of these results are for patients in England and Wales diagnosed with bowel cancer 1 Apr 2018 – 31 Mar 2019. The exceptions are for adjuvant chemotherapy and the four trust outcomes: 30-day unplanned readmission, 90-day mortality and 2-year mortality. 30-day unplanned readmission and 90-day mortality are further restricted to patients undergoing surgery up to 31 October 2019. Two-year mortality estimates include patients undergoing a major resection between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017. Adjuvant chemotherapy estimates include patients undergoing major resection for pathological stage III colon cancer between 01 December 2015 and 31 August 2018.

The Audit dataset is linked to Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) and Patient Episode Database for Wales (PEDW) at the patient level to obtain further information on patient care and follow-up such as stoma reversal and emergency readmissions in England/Wales. The dataset also links to Office of National Statistics records. These provide information about date, place and cause of death.

NBOCA also links to the National Radiotherapy Dataset (RTDS) for information on radiotherapy treatment in England, and the Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy database (SACT) for information on chemotherapy treatment in England.

Data Quality

Case ascertainment

Number of patients reported to the Audit as a percentage of the number of patients admitted for the first time to the trust/network with a diagnosis of bowel cancer within the audit period according to NCRAS in England and PEDW in Wales. This can be larger than 100 if more patients are reported to the Audit than identified in NCRAS/PEDW.

Data completeness

% of relevant patient group with useable value of data item.

ASA grade

% of patients recorded as having a major resection who have a particular ASA grade recorded, or no ASA recorded.

Management of all patients

Potentially curative patients

Patients electively diagnosed with colon cancer with pre-treatment staging of T2-T4 and no evidence of metastatic disease.

Management of patients having major resection

At least 12 lymph nodes excised (%)

% of colon cancer patients undergoing major resection with a recorded number of lymph nodes, who had at least 12 lymph nodes examined.

Adjuvant chemotherapy

% of adjuvant chemotherapy in patients undergoing major resection for pathological stage III colon cancer between 01 December 2015 and 31 August 2018 in England only. These are unadjusted chemotherapy rates.

Rectal cancer patients

Neo-adjuvant therapy (%)

% of rectal cancer patients having short- or long-course radiotherapy prior to major resection.

Circumferential resection margin: Negative (%)

% of rectal cancer patients undergoing major resection whose CRM is reported to be negative.

Circumferential resection margin: Recorded (%)

% of rectal cancer patients undergoing a major resection who have a recorded CRM.

APER rate (%)

% of patients with rectal cancer undergoing abdominoperineal excision of the rectum and therefore having a permanent stoma.

Compare trust outcomes

Funnel plots display trust risk-adjusted outcomes for 90-day mortality, 30-day unplanned readmission and 2-year mortality. This year we are not reporting 18-month stoma rates in readiness for two new stoma indicators in 2021. The funnel regions represent the 95 per cent limit and the 99.8 per cent limit for trusts compared to the national average. Those trusts with results outside the outer (99.8 per cent) limit are considered potential outliers.

Risk adjustment is performed using the seven items listed under Data Quality as well as mode of admission (elective/emergency) and number of co-morbidities according to HES/PEDW, and an interaction between age and distant metastases. Missing values are imputed using Multiple Imputation. The model for two-year mortality additionally includes interactions between follow-up time (0-3 months after surgery vs. 3-24 months after surgery) and all of the risk factors.

See [FAQs <https://www.nboca.org.uk/about/fag/>](https://www.nboca.org.uk/about/fag/) for more details.

Data Quality

All Patients:	Trust	Network	National
Number of patients in Audit	375	1547	29766
Case ascertainment (%)	103	102	90
Data completeness of:			
– Pre-treatment TNM (%)	73	83	83
– Performance status (%)	85	89	85

Patients having major resection:	Trust	Network	National
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Number of patients in Audit	187	908	16499
ASA grade 1 (%)	4	14	10
ASA grade 2 (%)	63	51	53
ASA grade 3 (%)	29	32	30
ASA grade 4+ (%)	3	2	3
ASA grade not recorded (%)	2	1	4
Data completeness of:			
7 Audit items for risk-adjustment (%)	83	93	86

Key:

- > 80%
- 50 - 80%
- < 50%

Management of all patients

All Patients:	Trust	Network	National
Number of patients in Audit	375	1547	29766

All Patients:	Trust	Network	National
Seen by Clinical Nurse Specialist (%)	100	93	86

All patients deemed potentially curative	Trust	Network	National
Number of potentially curative patients	87	382	7226
Undergoing major resection (%)	76	84	86

Management of patients having major resection

Patients having major resection:	Trust	Network	National
Number of patients in Audit	187	908	16474
Distant metastases (%)	5	7	6
Urgent or emergency surgery (%)	13	20	15
At least 12 lymph nodes excised (%)	86	85	84
Laparoscopic surgery attempted (%)	74	62	72
Risk-adjusted length of stay > 5 days (%)	59	66	62

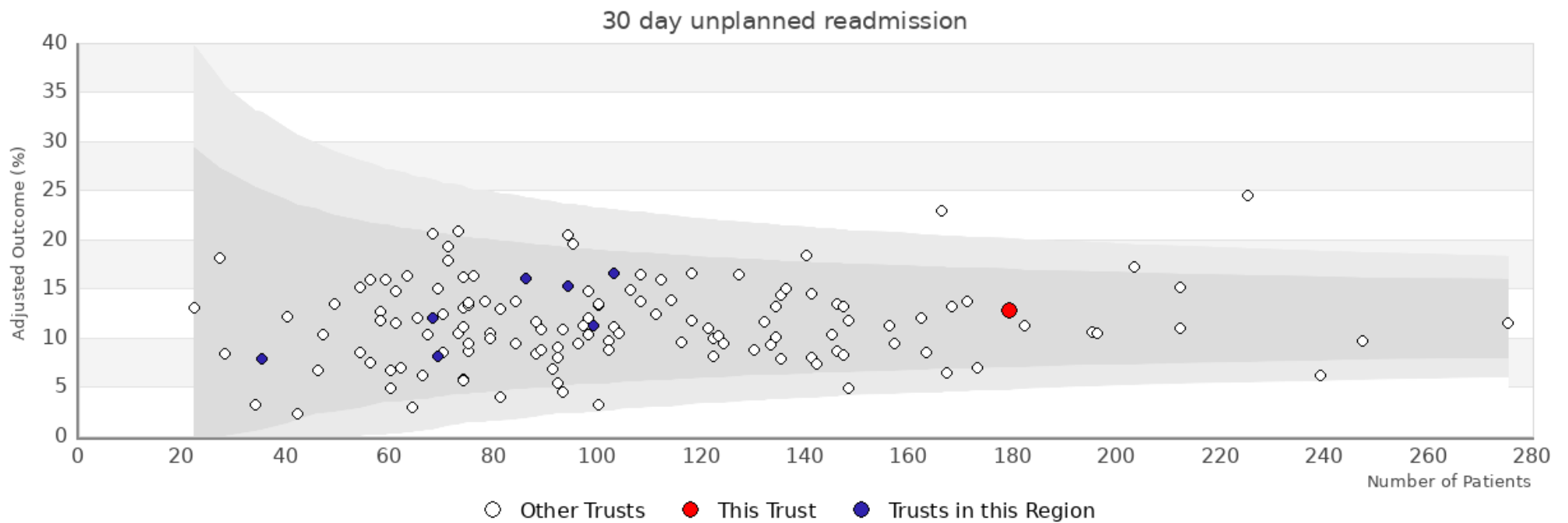
Patients having major resection for stage III colon cancer:	Trust	Network	National
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Number of patients in audit	151	539	10641
Adjuvant chemotherapy (%)	58	57	61

Rectal cancer patients

Patients having major resection:	Trust	Network	National
Number of patients in Audit	48	192	3899
Neoadjuvant therapy (%)	43	55	32
Circumferential resection margin: Recorded (%)	79	92	86
Circumferential resection margin: Negative (%)	75	85	79
Rectal volume	N/A	N/A	N/A

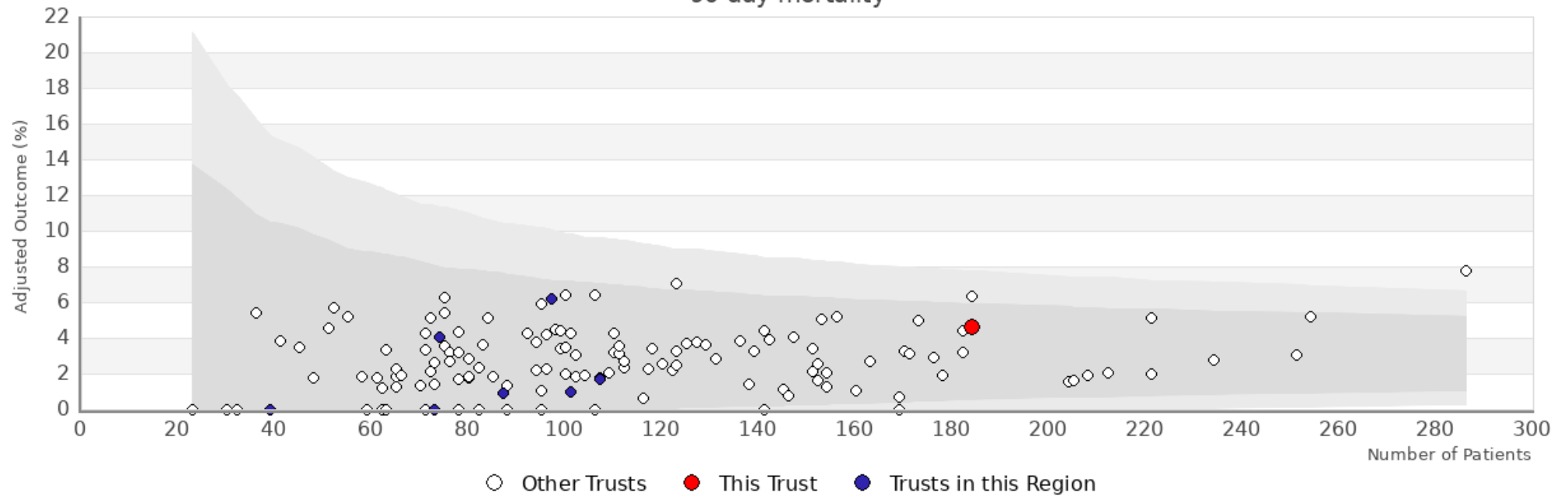
Patients in APER/Hartmanns estimate:	Trust	Network	National
Number of patients in APER/Hartmanns estimate	N/A	N/A	N/A
APER/Hartmanns (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A



Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust	179	12.8%	12.9%
Other trusts within the region: Greater Manchester			
Bolton NHS Foundation Trust	99	11.2%	11.1%
University Hospital of South Manchester NHS Foundation Trust	86	16.1%	16.3%

Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Salford Royal NHS Foundation Trust	69	8.2%	8.7%
Stockport NHS Foundation Trust	103	16.6%	15.5%
Tameside Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	68	12.1%	11.8%
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust	35	7.9%	8.6%
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust	94	15.3%	13.8%

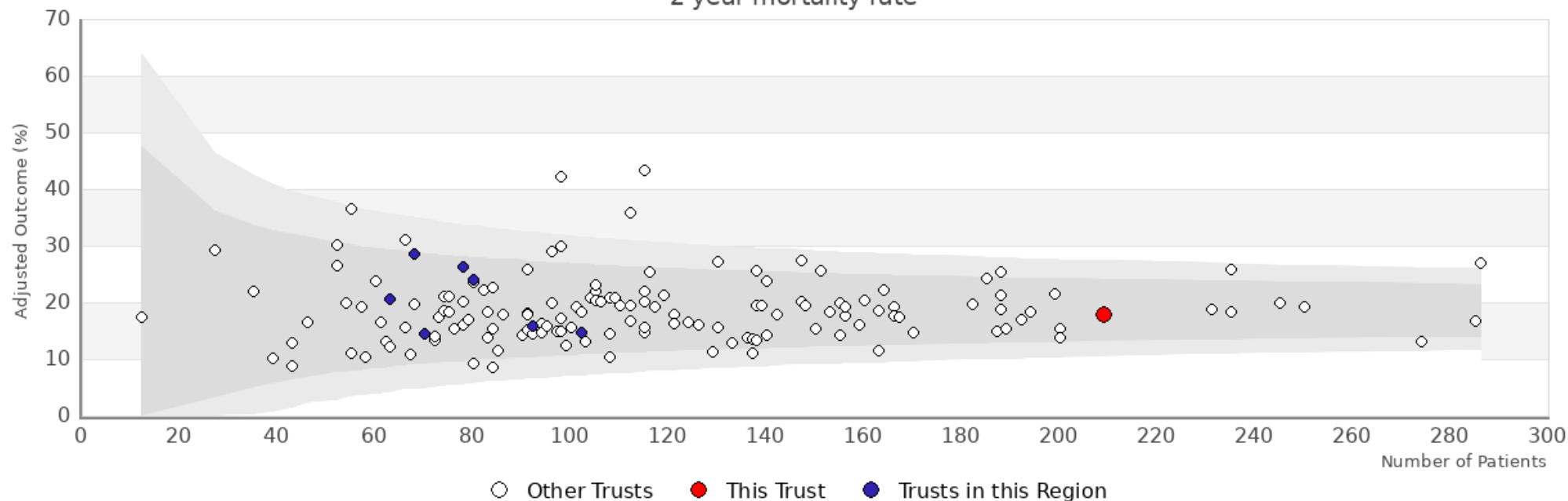
90 day mortality



Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust	184	4.6%	3.8%
Other trusts within the region: Greater Manchester			
Bolton NHS Foundation Trust	101	1%	1%
University Hospital of South Manchester NHS Foundation Trust	87	0.9%	1.2%

Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Stockport NHS Foundation Trust	107	1.7%	1.9%
Tameside Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	74	4.1%	6.8%
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust	97	6.2%	4.1%

2 year mortality rate



Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust	209	17.8%	16.7%
Other trusts within the region: Greater Manchester			
Bolton NHS Foundation Trust	80	24%	17.9%
University Hospital of South Manchester NHS Foundation Trust	92	15.9%	15.2%

Trust	Number	Adjusted	Observed
Salford Royal NHS Foundation Trust	68	28.5%	28.4%
Stockport NHS Foundation Trust	102	14.7%	14.9%
Tameside Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	70	14.4%	24.3%
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust	63	20.6%	21.3%
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust	78	26.4%	28.9%